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**DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.**

Probate Judge,
WALDO TAYLOR.

Sheriff,
WM. H. ANDERSON, Jr.

Prosecuting Attorney,
J. R. FITZGIBBON.

County Commissioner,
JOSEPH E. BROWNFIELD.

County Surveyor,
C. P. KNISELY.

Infirmary Director,
CHARLES S. HOWARD.

Coroner,
SCOTT J. EVANS.

CIRCUIT JUDICIAL TICKET.
For Circuit Judge,
H. M. DOUGLAASS, of Mansfield.

Democratic Congressional Ticket.
For Congress,
JOHN W. CASSINGHAM of Coshocton

PENNSYLVANIA AND THE TRUSTS

The state of Pennsylvania is paying vast sums to the troops under Gen. Gobin to shoot down citizens and to escort non-union miners to and from their work. The people are paying the taxes and they have no redress, no matter how repugnant such proceedings are to them.

Gov. Stone of Pennsylvania is a Republican machine politician of the Quay stripe. The machine is kept alive by large contributions from the coal trust and kindred rich corporations and of course the corporations are certain to get whatever they demand from the state.

There is no excuse for lawlessness and rioting, but the presence of the troops and their demeanor have undoubtedly done much to aggravate the situation. The local officers, who too, are a part of the Republican machine that has made Pennsylvania notorious, could have quelled all disturbances had they made the effort; but instead they turned tail and called for the troops.

The coal trust is far more lawless than the striking miners. There are laws sufficient to bring it to justice, but they are not enforced, and no attempt is made to enforce them; but the whole machinery of the state government is employed to protect the trust and to cow the miners into submission.

The North Carolina Republican convention was notable last week in being composed entirely of white men, while in every instance that a negro delegation contested seats it was shown the door. The significance of this performance, which has not happened before since the negro was enfranchised by the war amendments, is that Senator Pritchard has set out to build up a white man's Republican party in North Carolina. The chairman of the convention, who is one of the counsel of the Southern railway, in his speech congratulated the Republican party on the elimination of the negro from politics, saying they were now released from a body of death. Senator Pritchard, in his address, also declared that the negro was out of politics and would stay out. The negro has now been eliminated from politics in the States of Virginia, the two Carolinas, Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana. He is still a power in Missouri, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Kentucky, and Tennessee. In Arkansas, Texas, Georgia and Florida he is not of much account, and takes little interest in politics. As a result a white Republican party is making progress at the South.

Must Not Sleep.

(Marion Mirror.)

The trusts never sleep. The people must not, if they expect to wake a winning campaign against these blood-suckers.

FARMERS' BULLETINS.

Hon. John W. Cassingham, the Congressman from this district notifies the Advocate that he has secured from the Agricultural department at Washington a large number of Farmers' Bulletins for free distribution among his constituents.

Mr. Cassingham writes the Advocate concerning these bulletins and says:

House of Representatives,
Washington, Aug. 29, 1902.

These publications are devoted to various timely agricultural topics and are the product of much research and valuable experience by experts employed in the Agricultural department. As such they are of much value to the agricultural interests of every community. It is my desire that these bulletins shall reach the parties most interested in this class of literature, and in pursuance of this plan I send you herewith a list of bulletins available, with the hope that you will publish it, with the request that all parties desiring such publications write me for such from the list as they may select.

The list of bulletins is as follows:
21. Barnyard Manure.
22. The Feeding of Farm Animals.
23. Tests for the Detection of Oleomargarine and Renovated Butter.
24. Hog Cholera and Swine Plague.
25. Weeds: and How to Kill Them.
26. Alfalfa or Lucern.
27. Silos and Sludge.
28. Peach Growing for Market.
29. Potato Culture.
30. Spraying for Fruit Diseases.
31. Onion Culture.
32. Farm Drainage.
33. Facts About Milk.
34. Meats: Composition and Cooking.
35. Marketing Farm Produce.

36. Care of Milk on the Farm.
37. Ducks and Geese.
38. Meadows and Pastures.
39. Forestry for Farmers.
40. Black Rot of the Cabbage.
41. Insect Enemies of the Grape.
42. Essentials in Beef Production.
43. Milk as Food.
44. The Grain Smuts.
45. Tomato Growing.
46. The Liming of Soils.
47. The Culture of Tobacco.
48. Fish as Food.
49. Thirty Poisonous Plants.
50. Cowpeas.
51. Potato Diseases and Their Treatment.

52. The Vegetable Garden.
53. Good Roads for Farmers.
54. Raising Sheep for Mutton.
55. Insect Enemies of Shade Trees.
56. Notes on Frost.

57. The Farmer's Interest in Good Seed.

58. Bread and Bread Making.
59. The Apple and How to Grow It.

60. Red Clover Seed.
61. Practical Suggestions for Farm Buildings.

62. Eggs and Their Uses as Food.

63. Sweet Potatoes.

64. Tests for the Detection of Oleomargarine and Renovated Butter.

65. Insect Enemies of Growing Wheat.

66. Tree Planting on Rural School Grounds.

67. Sorghum Syrup Manufacture.

68. Earth Roads.

69. The Angora Goat.

70. Irrigation in Field and Garden.

71. Poultry Raising on the Farm.

72. The Nutritive and Economic Value of Food.

73. Insects Injurious to Stored Grains.

74. Sheep Feeding.

75. Standard Varieties of Chickens.

76. The Sugar Beet.

77. How to Grow Mushrooms.

78. Some Common Birds.

79. The Dairy Herd.

80. Butter Making on the Farm.

81. Bee Keeping.

82. Marketing Farm Produce.

The Big Man and the Small Man.

(Pittsburgh Post)

President Roosevelt in his New England speeches has fired off a big lot of political and moral copy-book.

This reads beautifully. It comprises the whole duty of the citizen and the state. The only defect is that it is talk and not action. The lawless workingman finds that it means action; sharpshooters on the picket-lines; injunctions without number, and judge-made law in the interest of corporation and trusts. The equally lawless trust, combine or corporation finds it means most distinguished consideration. They defy the anti-trust law of 1890 in half of the States of the Union. That law imposes penalties of fine and imprisonment with the same distinctness that the law against labor excesses punishes the workingman. The difference is in

this: The lawless workingman finds that the presidential crusade on trusts has abated their demands or their power. They are going ahead increasing the one and cementing the other. The President in Vermont the other day declared:

"The Government must be just: the law must be no respecter of persons. The law must get at the big man who goes wrong (cries of "That is right," cheers and applause), and it must get at him in his own interest."

"You can protect the man of big means against wrong-doing by the way the law is enforced in many States by Federal and State power?

The trust magnate is freed from its pains and penalties. No criminal prosecution, as the law commands, against him. That is reserved for the workingman hungry for bread for himself and his little ones. All of

which shows the hubub of President Roosevelt's speeches, and the pretense that as he administers the law that ought to be obtained by it, is no respecter of persons. The big man is found at feasts as an honored guest, and at presidential receptions, keep it what it is: we can not only make it what it is, but we can raise and deputy marshals in the mountains to still loftier heights, but it must be done through orderly, decent pro-sylvania.

Trusts Do Not Want a Change.
(Western Reserve Democrat)

The trusts stand on Mark Hanna's platform of "let well enough alone." They are waxing and growing fat.

They will always find the Columbus Dispatch on sale at U. O. Stevens news and cigar stand Daily Dispatch 2 cents, Sunday 3 cents.

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Whenever You are Tired

Trying to Get Rid of that Dreadful Scourge

BY WHICH MANY A GOOD MAN AND WOMAN HAS BEEN DRIVEN TO THE VERGE OF SUICIDE, INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA, THE FORERUNNER OF ALL EVILS, PARALYZING THE VERY FOUNDATION OF A HUMAN BEING, INCREASING FROM DAY TO DAY WITH A COMPLICATION OF DISEASES. THEN GIVE NATURE'S COMMON SENSE, MOST VALUABLE AND MOST PALATABLE THE WORLD'S FAMOUS

Walther's Peptonized Port

A TRIAL. NOTHING ELSE BUT THE HIGHEST GRADE OF IMPORTED PORT WINE COMBINED WITH THE VERY BEST OF PEPSIN.

A Common Sense Invigorator, Tissue Builder and Blood Maker.

IT DIGESTS YOUR FOOD PROPERLY AND ASSIMILATES IT TO THE SYSTEM AND GIVES YOU HEALTHY APPETITE FOR ANOTHER MEAL.

THROW YOUR WORTHLESS NAUSEATING PATENT MEDICINES INTO THE BACK YARD, THEN GO TO YOUR PHYSICIAN AND ASK HIM ABOUT WALThER'S PEPTONIZED PORT AND HE WILL SURELY SEND YOU TO THE NEAREST DRUGGIST, BECAUSE THERE IS NOTHING BETTER ON EARTH KNOWN TO THE MEDICAL FRATERNITY THAN THIS HAPPY COMBINATION OF PURE PORT WINE AND PEPSIN

Walther's Peptonized Port

TO TONE UP THE SYSTEM, TO MAKE THE WEAK GROW STRONG. IT GIVES SPARKLE TO THE EYES AND SPRING TO THE STEP. HOLLOW AND SUNKEN EYES WILL SOON BE RESTORED TO WHAT THEY USED TO BE. YOU WILL BE LIKE THE SOMEBODY YOU USED TO BE AND FEEL LIKE GOING AND DOING.

GO TO THE BELOW NAMED LEADING DRUGGISTS AND GET A FREE SAMPLE OF THIS WORLD FAMOUS TONIC. LADY DEMONSTRATORS WILL BE HIGHLY PLEASED TO GIVE YOU A FREE SAMPLE TO TEST THE VIRTUES AND INVIGORATING QUALITIES OF WALThER'S PEPTONIZED PORT. GO TODAY NOT TOMORROW, AND

Get a Free Sample at Hall's Drug Store.

ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS OF GOOD STANDING ONLY RECOMMEND AND SELL WALThER'S PEPTONIZED PORT. PINTS, 50 cts. QUARTS, \$1.00. SAMPLE SIZE, 10cts.

Douglas Shoes \$3.00, \$3.50 And \$4.00

LINEHAN BROS.

STORE CLOSED LABOR DAY.

WEST MAIN STREET.

WAGES OF COAL MINERS.

Figures Taken From the Books of the Gilberton Colliery.

Since it is contended that the question of wages is the main issue in the coal miners' strike, the Pottsville (Pa.) correspondent of the Philadelphia Public Ledger has taken the pains to examine the pay roll of a colliery at Gilberton. He was permitted to take from it statements of actual wages paid for a period shortly before the strike. The locality does not matter, as the rates are the same everywhere. These pay rolls are made up semi-monthly, and the one examined covered a period of fourteen working days.

In the first instance, selected at random, four miners had a contract for robbing breasts at 55 cents per car. They had eight laborers working under them and paid by the proprietors on the contractors' account. They produced 950 carloads, amounting to \$27.45. The superintendent remarked in passing that large proportion of this product was worthless rock, but it was charged and paid for as coal since there is no dockage in the Schuylkill region. The same men had a contract to drive headings, in connection with their other work, at \$5 per yard. They drove twenty yards, which added \$100 to their total earnings, making them \$82.45. From this must be deducted \$45.68, paid to their laborers, and colliery charges for supplies amounting to \$20.53; total, \$48.66, leaving the contractors a profit of \$18.79. But, as three of them worked fourteen days each, while the other worked but thirteen, their pay was divided accordingly, and they received respectively \$42, \$42, \$42 and \$39.

The men working for these contractors were paid, according to their technical status, as miners and laborers, the former at the rate of \$12 per week (basis price), plus 16 per cent noted above, the latter at the rate of \$10.20 per week, plus 16 per cent. The latter, when they worked full time, received \$27.59, a shade less than \$2 a day, while of the former one industrial man who had no regard for the eight hour principle and made three and one-half days' overtime made \$37.20.

In another case four contract miners cut twenty-six cubic yards of coal at \$5 a yard, amounting to \$130, and drove thirteen and a half yards of heading at \$2 a yard. They employed one man for six days at \$12 a week and charged for his time at cost. Their total earnings were \$177.63; but, as in the other case, they were unequally divided because the men did not all work full time, and the highest man received \$50.65.

One remarkable fact learned from an inspection of the pay roll was that comparatively few of either miners or laborers made full time. Some worked only five days of the fourteen, but most of them worked from ten to thirteen days each, while a few, as has been noted, made overtime. The work was there, and they might have had it, but they were not disposed to exert themselves.

Story of the Grand Duke Boris.

Among the men who have met him the Grand Duke Boris of Russia has made an impression as a man of democratic manners, unpretentious and kind to a fault, says a Chicago dispatch to the New York Herald. That he has a big heart he has proved on several occasions. It was Sunday morning after he had been out nearly all night that he returned to the hotel and saw a scrubwoman cleaning the mosaic floors of the entrance.

"Look here," he said to Lieutenant de Greaves, "here we have been out all night having a good time, and here is a poor woman scrubbing the floors all that time."

The duke reached into his pocket, pulled out a twenty dollar bill and threw it to the woman. The woman looked up amazed and, supposing the duke had dropped the bill, ran after him to return it.

"No; that is for you," he said, and he disappeared into the elevator.

New Sugar Cane Machine.

P. J. Howard, a colored man of St. Louis, La., is the inventor of a sugar cane loading machine which was given a public trial recently at New Orleans.

The New Army Uniform

(Special Correspondence.)

New York, Sept. 1.—Just before sailing for Germany, where they will officially represent this country at the German army maneuvers, Major General Young and Corbin were photographed in their new field service uniforms. Uncle Sam's soldiers will not assume the recently adopted olive drab fighting clothes until after July 1, 1903; but our official envoys to the Kaiser's mince war fest are authorized to wear their new suits while abroad.

A fine appearance the two big senior generals make in the olive drab, for both are over six feet in height and of goodly proportions. The new uniform is received with much favor by officers on duty in Washington who have become familiar with its great advantages over the khaki or the old blue for rough field use, its color being calculated to make the wearer an inconspicuous object in every field. The blouse is regarded as extremely neat and well adapted for campaign uses.

At the German maneuvers this uniform will be worn by all the Americans, including Lieutenant Colonel Johnston, General Corbin's aid, and Lieutenant McCoy, General Wood's aid. It is made of wool of close weave, but for tropical service the material will be cotton and linen mixed.

For several years the army has been wearing a cotton drab uniform the color of which is generally known as khaki. This provided a suitable uniform for field service in hot weather and in the tropics. The necessity for a uniform of a more inconspicuous shade, however, was made manifest as soon as the United States found itself again at war under changed conditions as to firearms which have taken place in recent years.

It has been fully demonstrated that the old blue uniform is too conspicuous to be worn in action in modern warfare. This fact alone brought about the creation of the new olive drab uniform. It was not selected, as has been generally intimated in many newspapers, as a matter of choice, but simply because it seemed to be an absolute requirement for the purposes for which it has been adopted. A particular shade was accepted after repeated trials under varying conditions to de-

termine which shade was the least conspicuous and therefore afforded the least mark for the enemy's rifle.

The new field uniform consists of coat or blouse, breeches and hat, all of an olive drab shade and made of woolen material. The blouse is loose fitting and has four large patch pockets. It has a falling collar and shoulder loops. On the latter is worn the indication of rank. On the collar is displayed the United States coat of arms and the insignia of the corps or branch of the service to which the wearer belongs. The saber is worn suspended from a plain russet leather belt strapped outside the coat.

The breeches are extremely full at and above the knee to give freedom when riding, but fit tightly, by buttons or laces, below the knee to the ankle. With the breeches are either worn top boots of russet leather or russet leather shoes and russet leather leggings, the latter fastened with a strap. Spurs of white metal are worn.

A cap is provided to be worn with this uniform. It is of the same color and material, but it is expected that the present campaign hat so familiar to all will usually be worn instead.

The latter harmonizes with the uniform and meets service requirements.

A new button is being adopted for all uniforms, the principal feature of which is a fac-simile of the national coat of arms. On the dress and full dress uniforms the button will be of gilt, but on the field service uniform it will be of dull finished brass.

Taken altogether, the new field uniform is plain and serviceable. It is entirely devoid of trimmings or facings and is believed to meet its purpose of making the soldier an inconspicuous figure and to reduce the distinction being marks between the officer and an enlisted man to the minimum, so that at short range one can not be distinguished from the other.

Throughout the army the sentiment for the blue is as strong now as it is with the veterans of the civil war.

The blue, however, has not been discarded. It is still used as the dress of full dress for all dress and uniformed men and will be worn on parades and other occasions of ceremony just as it has in the past.

HENRY BAYLEY.

A Little Too Strong.

—Ho!—You are welcome to drink then, but if you are afraid to drink it, because I may not be able to support it.

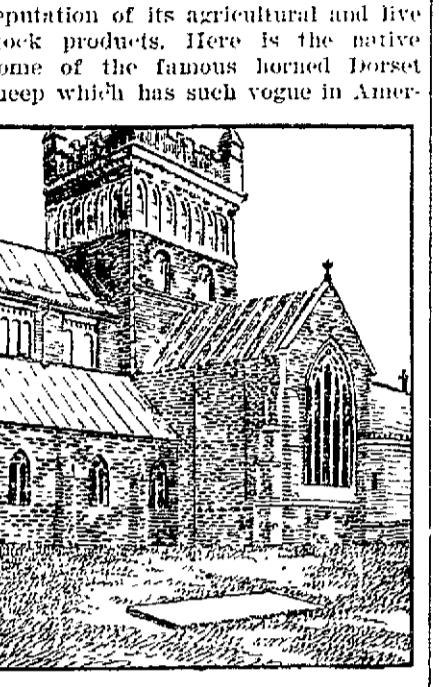
Sir—Well, I don't go for as that, because fear implies a possibility of the thing happening.—Life.

ENGLAND'S SHEEP COUNTY.

Home of the Southdown a Charming District.

(Special Correspondence.) Wimborne, England, Aug. 23.—Dorsetshire is one of the most delightful regions of Great Britain in which to spend some weeks of the summer or autumn. The tourists' season lasts from May 1 till Christmas in this mild south English county. It is as different in climate from the colder north Britain as Baltimore is from Boston. The heather blooms here early in the spring, the sweet, aromatic smelling gorse flowers from spring till October. "When the gorse is out of bloom, kissing's out of fashion," says an old saw of the country people. A whiff of a fragrance like unto the gorse blossom makes the rural Englishman in foreign lands homesick.

Dorsetshire, or, as an American would call it, Dorset county, is second only to Devonshire, which adjoins it, in the reputation of its agricultural and live stock products. Here is the native home of the famous horned Dorset sheep which has such vigor in Amer-



TOWER OF WIMBORNE MINSTER.

ica, where horned Dorset lambs bring round prices in the spring mutton markets. More famous still is the pretty Southdown, which gets its name from the southern "downs" or flat lands of Dorsetshire. The soil is a mixture of clay, chalk and sand or fine gravel. The blending of these produces some of the most fertile soil in the British Isles. A streak of the chalk formation passing through the county on the north is called the north downs, a similar belt in south Dorset is called the south downs, and there is where the Southdown sheep come from.

In this county, too, on the coast near Weymouth are the Portland stone quarries and Portland prison, where convicts work out their time. Offshore salmon and great schools of mackerel are caught, likewise herring of excellent quality. A broiled kipper herring is one of the poor man's luxuries in England. Oysters are fairly abundant off the Dorset coast, but the less said of them the better.

Wimborne is 112 miles southeast of London. At this time of year the roads are perfection, and it is not uncommon for robust and enthusiastic tourists to make the journey on their bicycles. No trip could be more delightful. To the American used to the neglected, scarred and ruthlessly ruined landscapes of the rural regions of the United States all this part of England looks like a well kept lawn. The only blot is the detestable high walls on each side of the country roads. For miles they shut out the view of the landscape.

Every town of any note in Great Britain has its cathedral, abbey or minster or other religious temple dating back to the days when men believed they could save their souls by piling up vast and splendid church buildings. The British have an appetite for cathedrals, grown by long feasting their gaze on these perhaps.

In their travels from town to town the first spot visited by British tourists is a church of some kind, and the older it is the more exalted its merit. A pretty English girl tells me she has visited every cathedral in Great Britain and most of the noted ones on the continent. I confess to being unable to acquire the taste for cathedrals. After I have seen some fifty or sixty in various parts of the earth somehow they all begin to look alike to me.

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The minister of Wimborne is, however, of somewhat uncommon sort. It is built of beautiful old red sandstone, the trimmings being of white stone. The richly wrought arches of the tower are of the white stone and show in fine contrast to the dark red of the main building. But all the coloring is now mellowed and blended harmoniously by the artist carvers that have passed over the weather beaten old structure.

Once there stood over the door of its porch a great sundial, put there in 1678. There it remained century after century, marking, as it ought to do, only the hours that shine. Finally, however, the great dial had outlasted the strength of its supports and was in danger of toppling to the ground. Then it was dislodged and placed upon a stone foundation, still marking only the hours that shine.

Near Wimborne is Bourton, with its famous 13th century church. The church is built of limestone and is surrounded by a wall of stones, with a gatehouse and a small tower. The interior is very simple, with a single altar and a pulpit.

Professor Saville's research here is the first attempt to make an exhaustive investigation of the character of these subterranean man-made structures, surpassing anything heretofore found in Mexico. The specimens were exquisitely carved and were shaped into necklaces, beads, earings, idols and bracelets. These in themselves are rare and priceless finds, as they strikingly illustrate the culture and the art of sculpture of this ancient race.

A significant point brought out by the excavation is that the material gathered thoroughly confirms the writings of the old Spanish historians of that age as to the strange and elaborate burial customs employed by the natives.

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Doctors Extend Their Time.

Owing to the large number who have been unable to see the British Doctors, these eminent gentlemen have extended the time for giving their services free for three months to all who call upon them before Sept. 27th.

Owing to the large number of invalids who have called upon the British Doctors, at their office, Flat 2, The Avalon, flats first floor west end entrance, 109 West Main street, and who have been unable to see them, these eminent gentlemen have, by request, consented to continue giving their services entirely free for three months (medicines excepted), to all invalids who call upon them for treatment between now and Sept. 27th.

These services consist not only of consultation, examination and advice but also of all minor surgical operations.

The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly and personally acquainted with the sick and afflicted, and under no conditions will any charge whatever be made for any services rendered for three months, who call before Sept. 27th.

The doctors treat all forms of diseases and deformities and guarantee a cure in every case they undertake.

At the first interview a thorough examination is made, and if incurable you are frankly and kindly told so, money for useless treatment.

Male and female weakness, catarrh and catarrh deafness, also varicose, rupture, goitre, cancer, the opium habit, and all diseases of the rectum are positively cured by their treatment.

The chief associate surgeon of the Institute is in personal charge.

Cases requiring it are diagnosed by an X-Ray method.

Hours, 9 to 8; Sunday, 10 to 1.

HOUSE FOR SALE

FATAL DISCOVERIES.

INVENTIONS THAT BROUGHT THEIR ORIGINATORS TO THE GRAVE.

Scientific Secrets That Have Been Buried With the Men Who Possessed Them and That Were the Causes of Their Tragic Taking Off.

The maxim which states that silence is golden has cost the world some of the greatest discoveries of modern times, for not a few of the inventors whose names would have been handed down to posterity as public benefactors have been killed by their secrets before they could consent to divulge them to their fellow beings.

In 1895 all Europe was startled by the discovery of a new explosive called fulminate, which, it was believed, would revolutionize modern warfare. It was the invention of an Exeter scientist named Sawbridge, and samples of the explosive which were tested by the government revealed the fact that its power was three times greater than that of cordite and in consequence it would treble the range of a rifle bullet. The German government offered Sawbridge £20,000 for his invention, which he patriotically refused until the home authorities had had the first option of purchase. But just as the latter were about to seal a contract with him the news came that his laboratory had been blown up and himself with it. Unfortunately he left no records whatever, and although some of the leading experts of the day minutely examined the debris they failed to discover the secret, which is probably lost forever.

About half a century ago an Italian priest named Luigi Taranti discovered a method of making stained glass, the coloring of which was declared equal to that made by the ancients, whose secret has been lost. Taranti abandoned holy orders and set to work to execute the hundreds of commissions he received in the secrecy of his workshop at Ostia, near Rome. The finest stained glass windows in Italy were made by him, and he guarded his secret well, for when a year later he was found dead of blood poisoning, set up by the pigments he employed, it was realized that he had carried his secret with him. The cleverest workmen were called in to examine the ingredients, but they one and all failed to penetrate the dead man's secret.

The person who could make composition billiard balls equal to those of ivory would quickly qualify as a millionaire, and it is not an impossible task, for it has already been done. Some years ago a Scotch manufacturer put composition billiard balls on the market which were as good at but only a third of the price of those already in use. He refrained from patenting his invention and made all the balls himself, even his family being prohibited from sharing his secret. But just as he was beginning to taste the fruits of his experiments he was one day mortally wounded by an accident in his workshop and died before he could make any statement. Experts were given specimens of the balls to analyze, but in spite of the fact that they succeeded in tracing the materials used they have long since given up all hope of being able to discover how they were put together.

The only man who has yet been successful in taking photographs in color was a martyr to his discovery, the secret of which is lost. Some years ago Dr. Herbert Franklin of Chicago submitted a number of colored photographs—of somewhat crude nature, it is true—to the leading American scientific institutions, and the encouragement he received was such that he built himself a laboratory, proof against the wiles of spies, at a cost of \$12,000, wherein to perfect his invention. In the preparation of his plates he used a charcoal fire, and one day when at work he omitted to open the ventilators and was found asphyxiated. He had refrained from divulging his secret to any one, and in consequence, although some partially finished plates that hid the secret remained, the way they were prepared is a problem that has baffled scientists to this day.

Another victim to his secret was Adams, the inventor of talium, the greatest discovery in the metals of the age. Adams was confident that a metal could be produced which, although as hard as steel, was only half its weight and price, and after five years' experimenting with an electrical process talium was the result. The invention was taken up throughout America, and orders for thousands of tons of the metal began to pour in from the leading railway companies.

But it was too late. The enormous mental strain he had undergone, coupled with the sensation of finding millions within his grasp, took away his reason, and he was confined in an asylum. He left no records to explain the process, and no amount of persuasion drew the secret from him, which perished locked up in his brain when two years later he died a helpless lunatic—London Tit-Bits.

Believes in the Theory.
"Somebody advances the idea that there are words that affect us just as certain colors do."

"I dunno about the colors, but I'm pretty sure to frost at the mouth every time I hear 'line's busy.'—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Invisible.
Briggs (sarcastically)—That was a beautiful, fine horse you sold me.
Griggs—Wasn't he? As I said, not a blemish on him.

"No. All inside."—Detroit Free Press.

A man talks knowingly of the inconstancy of women and then proceeds to get mad if one of them proves he is right—Chicago News.

PEOPLE OF THE DAY

President of the Lackawanna.
William H. Truesdale, president of the Lackawanna, one of the largest of the coal carrying railroads, has naturally been a prominent figure in the negotiations for ending the great contest. Mr. Truesdale may not be widely popular just now, but the stockholders regard him as a most able and conservative official.

President Truesdale learned railroading in a hard school. Born fifty years ago in Indiana, he commenced his rail-



WILLIAM H. TRUESDALE.

road career at Terre Haute and served several years as traffic manager of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad of the Great Northern system. He accepted a position on the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad, finally becoming its president and receiver. This experience taught him economy, and one year after the panic of 1893 he had chance to apply his knowledge on the Rock Island road, becoming its third vice president.

The success of his methods attracted wide attention at a time when a large proportion of the railroad property of the country was in the hands of receivers. In 1890 he was elected president of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, and he has filled that post ever since.

Economical Charles Cramp.
While showing visitors around his shipyard Charles Cramp usually keeps his eyes on the ground as he walks along, making comments and answering questions, says a Philadelphia paper. If he sees a rusty bolt, he invariably picks it up and carries it somewhere with the idea that it shall not be wasted. If it happens to be his own desk in the office, all right. If he is interrupted before he reaches his own desk, he puts the bolt on somebody else's desk. Sometimes Mr. Cramp can be traced all over the yard by his transitory collection of bolts.

Tammany's Most Silent Man.
Few men in the world look less like a politician, and particularly a Tammany politician, than John F. Carroll, the man who stirred up the row that ousted Lewis Nixon from Tammany leadership. In Tammany politics Carroll was known as the "silent man." He said even less than the taciturn boss himself. He always went to big conventions with Croker and stood on guard at the door of the boss' private room when he was not to be disturbed. Few men could get by Carroll.

Covers Lots of Ground.
Caldwell Edwards, the Populist member from Montana, probably covers more ground when campaigning than any other congressman. His state contains 146,000 square miles, and Mr. Edwards has ridden, driven and tramped over almost every foot of mountain, valley and plain.

Retires on Account of Age.

Justice George Shiras, Jr., who is said to be about to resign from the bench of the supreme court on account of age, is now threescore and ten. He was appointed associate justice of the United States supreme court on July 9, 1892, as the successor to Justice Joseph T. Bradley. Associate Justice Shiras was born in Allegheny county, Pa., in 1832. After a preparatory edu-



JUSTICE GEORGE SHIRAS.

He entered Yale college and was graduated with honor in the class of '53, having 100 classmates Justices Brewer and Brown and Chauncey M. Depew. Returning to Pittsburg, he studied law and was admitted to the Allegheny county bar. As his capacity and experience developed Mr. Shiras became one of the most successful lawyers in western Pennsylvania.

ELKS' FREE CARNIVAL**Second Day Shows a Very Encouraging Attendance.**

The State Convention Opens Thursday—Monkey Balloon Ascension Tonight at 6:30, Free—Country Store, German Village and Automobile Booth Should Be Patronized.

The attendance at the Elks' Carnival Tuesday was very encouraging and although not as large in the afternoon as Monday, the night attendance was

pleasure and relaxation. Lunch and liquid refreshments are here served by gentlemanly and attentive waiters, while all the time one of the best shows ever seen in Newark is going on the stage.

The shows on the Carnival street are being well patronized and they well deserve it. Every show is exactly as represented in the advertisements and announced from the front. Many people look wise and say they are not going to be "bumped," but one can gamble that those same people would squeeze a quarter till the eagle screamed, and it is not so much that their tastes are so highly cultivated or their discriminating knowledge is of such a superior order as that they hate constitutionally to give up a cent.

When you hear a man using his hammer to knock the Elks' Fair, put him down as a constitutional kicker, and ask him how much he spent in the carnival. Any such a one may get his money back by merely asking for it.

The fact is that every attraction in the Carnival is well worth the price of admission, in almost every case 10 cents, and the local lodge of Elks by co-operating to bring the magnificent crowd here Monday deserve your patronage. It is but just to say that every one who has seen "In Fair Japan," is enthusiastic in his estimate of the attraction. The barrel dancing, juggling and sleight of hand performance given by native Japanese is the best ever seen in Newark. Each is an artist in his line and those who attend will not be disappointed.

The free attractions alone are worth a visit to the Carnival including four aerials in a wonderful revolving trapeze act, the slide for life, the Reub clowns and their funny antics, the acrobatic show in front of the German village, and today the greatest and best feature of the carnival was the monkey balloon ascension and parachute leap. The monkey trained to this really interesting sport, made a successful ascension at two o'clock this afternoon, and will make another at 6:30 this evening promptly at the rear of the German village. This and many other features are absolutely free and should be seen by everyone.

When attending the carnival don't forget the German Village. Here is where the crowd gathers for rest. The Elks' Convention will open formally on Thursday, and the session will continue over Friday. The principal business will be to decide where the next state reunion will be held. Cambridge was to have made a fight for the convention against Springfield, but it is not known now whether they will make a contest for the honor.

Thursday delegations from many towns will be here to participate in the parade and contest for the fine prize banner to be given away to the lodge having in Newark the largest per centage of members present.

IMPERIALISM AND TRUSTS DISCUSSED BY TEXT BOOK

Washington, Sep. 3.—The Democratic congressional campaign book which made its appearance yesterday is a volume of 384 pages, the major portion of which is devoted to the description of imperialism and trusts, 240 pages being given to these two topics, and 115 to the former and 127 to the latter. Upon the title page is the Democratic slogan "Equal rights to all, special privileges to none."

The volume opens with the platform of 1900 and the resolutions adopted by Democratic members of the house at their conference June 19, arraigning the Republican party for failure to give relief to Cuba and to enact proper anti-trust legislation. Then follows a criticism of the Republican

campaign book many of the statements contained therein being challenged as to accuracy, especially those dealing with the trust question.

This review is succeeded by chapters on General Miles and the administration, disgraceful record of the military authorities at both ends of the line in the Gardner case, the Smith court martial, torture as a policy, review of evidence involving the war department and certain army officers in the Philippines in violation of the laws of war, the system, not the individual to blame; Democratic objections to the Philippine government act, slavery and polygamy under the protection of the flag and vice and loathsome diseases in the Philippines.

The summaries follow:

2:11 trot, purse \$10,000: Anzella won, Idolita second, Metalas third. Best time 2:09 1-4.

2:11 pace, purse \$1,500: Don Riley won, Billy H. second, Prince Direct third. Best time 2:02.

2:16 trot, purse \$1,500: Prince Selma won, Silver Glow, second, Hal Frye third. Best time 2:11 3-4.

2:30 pace, purse \$3,000: Direct Hall won, Greenlane second, Albert third. Best time 2:06 1-2.

The Holy Ghost plant, a product of Mexico, Central and South America, is so called because of the shape of the flower, which has the appearance of a dove with expanded wings.

The Chinese wear cotton garments all the year round and never those made of wool. The rich, for warmth, don silk.

NO ACTION

Taken by Granville Council Regarding Franchise for Newark and Granville Street Railway.

Granville, Ohio, Sept. 3.—The Granville Council met in regular session on

Tuesday evening, all members being present with the exception of Mr. Tuttle. Mayor John M. Swartz occupied the chair. Aside from the regular routine work no business of importance was transacted other than the circumference of the finance ordinance. A scription of a monster mushroom gathered by the number of the residents of the ered at Bracanash, near Norwich, England, were in attendance at the land.

Weight three pounds four ounces.

The Chinese wear cotton garments all the year round and never those made of wool. The rich, for warmth, don silk.

Scrofula

Persons are entirely free from it. It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

DIED AT HOSPITAL

William Welsh, Who Was Struck by a B. & O. Train Monday Night, Dies of His Injuries.

Wm. Welsh, the victim of the accident on the Lake Erie division of the B. & O. railroad, near the head of Stanberry street, this city, died at the city hospital on Tuesday night about 10 o'clock. Township Trustees Everts and Harrington visited the hospital this morning and learned that Welsh was about 38 years of age; that he was a native of Ireland and that he had been in this country for about 18 years. Further than this nothing is known of him. The remains were taken to the undertaking establishment of William Evans on Church street, where they were prepared for interment, and will be buried by the Township Trustees.

BASE BALL ..AND.. OTHER SPORTS

The base ball games Tuesday resulted as follows:

atational League.

At Brooklyn: R H E

Pittsburg 5 8 2

Brooklyn 3 11 1

Batteries, Philippi and Phelps,

Hughes and Farrell.

Second Game: R H E

Pittsburg 0 3 3

Brooklyn 3 5 0

At Boston: R H E

Boston 2 8 0

Cincinnati 5 13 1

Batteries, Pittinger and Moran, Hahn and Bergen.

Second game: R H E

Boston 4 9 1

Cincinnati 2 6 2

Batteries, Willis and Kittredge, Phillips and Maloney.

At Philadelphia: R H E

Chicago 1 7 1

Philadelphia 4 7 1

Batteries, Williams and Kling, Iberg and Douglass.

Second game: R H E

Chicago 4 9 2

Philadelphia 7 12 0

At New York: R H E

St. Louis 2 8 1

New York 1 5 0

Batteries, O'Neil and O'Neil, McGinnity and Bowerman.

Grand Circuit Races.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 3—Anzella

trotted two slow heats in the Charter

Oak \$10,000 event Tuesday and then

went in and won in three straight

heats. The race was marred by a bad

accident in the last heat when Idolita

and Hawthorn came together, both

horses going down. The accident hap-

pened at the three-quarter pole and

the majority of the 6,000 spectators

left the stands and eror the field

to the scene of the accident. The

horses and drivers were found to be

uninjured. Both drivers blamed the

other but the fault was found to lie

with Driver Tozier fouling the wheel

guard of Hudson's sulky. Idolita had

TO MOTHERS

Mrs. J. H. Haskins, of Chicago, Ill., President Chicago Arcade Club, Addresses Comforting Words to Women Regarding Childbirth.

"DEAR Mrs. PINKHAM:—Mothers need not dread childbearing after they know the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. While I loved children I dreaded the ordeal, for it left me weak and sick



MRS. J. H. HASKINS.

for months after, and at the time I thought death was a welcome relief; but before my last child was born a good neighbor advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I used that, together with your Pills and Sanative Wash for four months before the child's birth;—it brought me wonderful relief. I hardly had an ache or pain, and when the child was ten days old I left my bed strong in health. Every spring and fall I now take a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and find it keeps me in continual excellent health."—
Mrs. J. H. HASKINS, 3248 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill.—\$5000 forfeit if above testimony is not genuine.

Care and careful counsel is what the expectant and would-be mother needs, and this counsel she can secure without cost by writing to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass.

Real Estate Transfers.

Daniel C. McKinney, as attorney for Eugene Spaulding et al. to Honora E. McKinney, real estate in Jersey twp., \$800.

Geo. Kurth and wife to Leopold Luben and wife, lot 4329 in Newark, \$450.

Harry G. Toothaker and wife to Delano F. Iles, real estate in Newark, being lot 3173 in Ball & Ward's addition to Newark, \$1900.

U. S. Grant Jones and wife and others to Thos. Hannigan, real estate in Newark, \$500.

Chas. Faro and Maggie Faro to Mary J. Abbott, lot 2762 in John Lott's addition to Newark, \$1700.

Thos. J. Irwin and wife to Laura A. Mossman, real estate in Newark, \$900.

John B. Jones and wife to Enoch J. Price, lot 1310 in M. Morath's addition to Newark, \$1.

Robert B. Stewart and wife to Lilian M. Stuart and others, real estate in Newark township, \$1 and other considerations.

Frank B. Hammond and wife to Theodore M. Owen, 50 acres in St. Albans twp., \$2500.

Wm. C. Wintermute and wife to Chas. W. Stewart, 4½ acres in Newark twp., \$3100.

Josephine Parr to Jennie Darnes, 100 acres in Madison twp., \$610.

Eva J. Mossman and Robert O. Mossman to Jennie Darnes, 100 acres in Madison twp., \$1 and other considerations.

Charles C. Rusk to Smith S. Osborne, lot 5 in Martha V. Joseph's addition to Pataskala, \$975.

Jas. F. Lott to Thos. A. Dickenson, real estate in Jersey twp., \$850.

Marriage Licenses.

Salmon S. Walker and Elizabeth H. Ramsey.

Y. M. C. A.—Mr. W. J. Graef of Piqua, O., has taken up his duties as assistant secretary at the Y. M. C. A.

The handsome uniforms of the six footmen who walked by the side of the King's state carriage to and from Westminster Abbey on coronation day cost \$550 each.

A petroleum oil field has been discovered in Trinidad.

It takes a year to visit the islands of Maine if one is visited every day. There are just 365 of them, if a mistake has not been made in the count.

The South Berwick (Me.) Congregational Society, which has just celebrated its two hundredth anniversary, has had but 12 pastors since its organization.

Messrs. Elly Bros.—I commenced using your Cream Balsam about two years ago for earache. My voice was somewhat thin and my hearing was dull. My hearing has been fully restored and my speech has become quite clear. I am a teacher in our town. L. G. BROWN, Granby, O.

No comment is needed. Trial size 10 cents. Full size, 50c. Ask your druggist. We mail it.

ELLY BROS., 56 Warren St., New York.

N. B. YEARDLEY

NEWARK SCHOOLS' NEW MUSIC TEACHER IS IN NEWARK

Ready to Begin His Work Next Monday Morning at the Opening of the Schools.

Professor N. B. Yeardley, who has been engaged to teach music in the public schools in this city next year, has arrived in Newark and will begin work next Monday. The Daily State Journal of Parkersburg, W. Va., says the following about Professor Yeardley:

Professor N. B. Yeardley, recently music director in the public schools of this city, will leave Monday morning for Newark, Ohio, where he will make his future home. He will not move his family however, for some time yet.

Mr. Yeardley came to this city when six years of age and was the first "devil" in the State Journal composing rooms. He attended the first high school erected in the city, the old Washington school, which stood on the site now occupied by the Parkersburg High School. He later attended the Fairmount Normal School and for several years taught district schools in the southern end of the State. He was graduated at the Cincinnati College of Music in 1890 and was first chor singer in Parkersburg to receive a salary for choir work. He sang in the local Episcopal choir before the present church was erected and inaugurated music in the public schools in this city, eight years ago.

In securing Mr. Yeardley as supervisor of music in the public schools, Newark has placed a thoroughly competent man in that responsible position and has secured a man whom Parkersburg regrets losing.

PROF. THRESHER

Formerly Professor of English Literature in Denison University Marries in California.

The many friends in Granville and Newark of Prof. Almon U. Thresher, who for twenty-five years was professor of English Literature in Denison University, Granville, and who severed his connection with that college some eight or ten years ago, will be surprised to learn of his marriage, which occurred at San Bernardino, California, on Saturday, August 16, his bride being Miss Catherine E. Filzman of Minnesota. The Riverside Daily Press, Prof. Thresher's home paper, says of the marriage:

Prof. Almon U. Thresher, who resides at present at Riverside, and Miss Catherine E. Folman, of Minnesota, were quietly married on Saturday at San Bernardino. Mrs. Thresher has spent some time in Riverside, but returned to Minnesota last spring. On her way back she was met by Prof. Thresher at San Bernardino where the wedding took place. Prof. Thresher has spent a number of winters in Riverside, residing with a nephew, A. E. Thresher, at Eleventh and Chestnut streets, whither he took his bride. The happy couple have the hearty congratulations of their Riverside friends."

FINE DISPLAY

Vegetables Raised in Licking County Carry Off Many Premiums at the State Fair.

At the State Fair at Columbus this week, Messrs. Powell & Adams, and Canon Wilson made almost a clean sweep on their displays of vegetables raised in Licking county. On the general display they received first and second premiums, with good show of being awarded the premium for best county display. Their exhibition was one that has attracted general attention, and elicited many favorable comments.

THE SICK

The many friends of Helen and Maud Johnson will be pleased to hear of their rapid recovery.

CORNER STONE—At a meeting of the trustees of the Second M. E. church held at H. A. Fleming's Tuesday evening, September 28 was decided upon the day for the laying of the corner stone of the new church, on the corner of East Main and Cedar streets.

ABOUT PEOPLE

Items Picked Up Here and There Telling of Your Acquaintances Coming and Going.

Jud Keller is in Columbus. John Swisher made a business trip to Pittsburgh today.

W. H. Chilcott went over to Columbus this morning.

I. L. Frederick of Mansfield is visiting in the city.

M. L. Core of Morgantown, is in the city.

M. Rankin of Zanesville, was in the city for a short time today.

Miss Bertha Dill went over to Columbus this morning.

A. S. Williams of Chicago Junction is visiting in the city.

J. C. McCarthy of Columbus, is here today.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Young of Mansfield, were in the city today.

W. G. Larimore of Union Station, was in the city today.

R. S. Burroughs of Batesville, was in the city today.

Charles Clarke and Edward Hewett of Lancaster, were in the city today.

Frank McKenna of the Gallipolis Epileptic Hospital is spending a few days with relatives.

Messrs. John and C. W. Wulffhoop are attending the State Fair today at Columbus.

Mary E. Wilson of Washington, Pa., is visiting at the home of Mr. George Hupp, south of the city.

Miss Ella Young of Dennison, who has been visiting friends here for several days, has returned home.

Horace Wildermuth left for Terre Haute, today, where he will work in one of the large glass factories there.

Mr. and Mrs. John McWharton and Miss Jennie Ritter, are visiting in Chicago Junction.

Mr. J. C. McCarthy and daughter, Anna, of Chicago Junction, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Mary Bader on South Fifth street.

Misses Flora, Frances and Hattie Steub of Columbus, are visiting their sister, Mrs. Joseph Bader on High street.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Smith, Mrs. Alice Lederer and Mr. C. M. Barick are spending the day at Buckeye Lake.

Henry Kepler of Zanesville, is visiting friends in the city today. Henry has many friends in Newark who are always glad to meet him.

Miss Clara Alexander, who left for Middletown on Monday, took charge of her school on Tuesday at that place as assistant principal.

Mrs. T. H. Cooley of Pataskala, and Miss Mame Campbell of Gallipolis were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Griff Rosebrough Labor Day.

Mrs. B. T. Hedges, wife of the treasurer of the Colonial Buggy Company, and a former parishioner of Rev Schindel is spending the day at the Lutheran parsonage on Hudson avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Montgomery and sister Mame, spent Labor Day in the city, and were guests of their sister, Mrs. Griff Rosebrough, on West Main street.

M. J. Flanagan, Frank Tibball, Wilbur Grace, L. A. Woods and Ed. Williams, all of New Castle, Pa., are here attending the Elks Carnival and Reunion.

Among those who went to Columbus this morning were S. J. Parr, Mr. and Mrs. George Horton, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Applegate, Mr. and Mrs. H. Prior and Wash Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kennedy have returned home from an extended trip through the New England states, Canada and other places of interest, including the Thousand Islands etc.

Mrs. Frank E. Gorby of New Castle, Pa., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Ashbrook, at their home on South Fifth street.

Miss Daisy Vernon of Cardington, who has been the guest of Mrs. Timms at her home on Gay street, for some days, has returned home, after having had a very nice visit.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Brubaker and Mrs. Josephine Moser and son, Walter, will leave this evening for a visit to Washington, D. C., and also Culpepper and Luray, Va. They will be gone about two months.

Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Green of Sandusky, who have been visiting at the home of T. H. Jones, on North Fourth street, for several days, left this morning for Zanesville, where they will make a short visit with relatives before returning home.

Mrs. C. J. Barrick and daughter, Minnie, returned home on Tuesday

evening from Sandusky, where they have been visiting at the home of Mr. C. J. McKenzie for the past several days.

Mr. C. Graham Beckel and Miss Florence R. Beckel, son and daughter of Mr. Frank Beckel of Granville, have returned home, after having spent the summer in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Wesley Zellhart of Mercer county, is visiting her nephew, Frank Cady, for a few days. Mrs. Zellhart left Licking county some thirty years ago, and this is the first time she has visited Newark in all that time.

FEATURE

OF THE CARNIVAL WILL BE THE ELKS' PARADE

Which Will Traverse the Principal Streets Thursday Afternoon at One O'Clock.

Thursday is to be the big day of the Elks' Carnival, and the principal feature will be the grand Elks' parade, which is being arranged by the committee consisting of Walter Scott, chairman, W. E. Fulton and John H. Swisher.

The parade will form at the corner of North street and Hudson avenue, and under command of Captain Chas. W. Miller, grand marshal, will traverse the principle streets of the city. There will be at least ten cities represented by delegations from their lodges, including Columbus, Lancaster, Bucyrus, Mansfield, Mt. Vernon, Urichsville, Coshocton, Zanesville, Cambridge and Newark.

Ladies and prominent Elks in carriages will be a pleasing and attractive feature of the parade.

"Cookey" Jones will head the Midway division.

The \$100 prize banner will be carried in line by John A. Chilcott. Watch for the parade, which will move at 1 o'clock. It is the feature of the carnival.

BROWNIE'S NEW GOAT.

Newark Lodge of Elks on Tuesday received from Mr. A. M. King of Marietta the goat belonging to the Grand Lodge of the State. It has been the practice for several years to send the goat to the city where the State convention is held, and to remain in the custody of the Elks lodge here until the next State convention. Last year the goat was sent from New Philadelphia to Marietta, where it has been ever since. It is now in the hands of "Brownie," the steward of Newark Lodge of Elks, and will be cared for by him until the next state convention.

The doctor retreated into another room, pursued by Mrs. Douglas, who again struck him with her parasol and he only escaped further castigation by flight.

Dr. Olmstead is secretary of the pension board.

On a large building in Odessa the Princess Hele Zulukidse, the impoverished scion of a noble Russian house is earning her bread by working as a mason.

Among those who went to Columbus this morning were S. J. Parr, Mr. and Mrs. George Horton, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Applegate, Mr. and Mrs. H. Prior and Wash Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kennedy have returned home from an extended trip through the New England states, Canada and other places of interest, including the Thousand Islands etc.

Mrs. Frank E. Gorby of New Castle, Pa., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Ashbrook, at their home on South Fifth street.

Miss Daisy Vernon of Cardington, who has been the guest of Mrs. Timms at her home on Gay street, for some days, has returned home, after having had a very nice visit.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Brubaker and Mrs. Josephine Moser and son, Walter, will leave this evening for a visit to Washington, D. C., and also Culpepper and Luray, Va. They will be gone about two months.

Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Green of Sandusky, who have been visiting at the home of T. H. Jones, on North Fourth street, for several days, left this morning for Zanesville, where they will make a short visit with relatives before returning home.

Mrs. C. J. Barrick and daughter, Minnie, returned home on Tuesday

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Postoffice Barber Shop now open.

For shoes try Maybold once. 8 1/2 Goodhair soap cures Prickly Heat. Sprague, Optician, 16, W. Church st. Smith & Nixon Piano at Rawlings. Read Advocate want ads on page 6 today.

HOSPITAL—The regular monthly meeting of the hospital board will occur Thursday afternoon at 2:30 at the hospital.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR — The Plymouth C. E. business meeting will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Eagy, No. 76 Ninth street, Thursday, Sept. 4 at 7:30 p. m. 3-21

MISSIONARY—The monthly meeting of the Ladies' Missionary Society of the Fourth Street Church of Christ will be held at the home of Mrs. B. F. Showalter, 395 Granville street, on Friday afternoon, Sept. 5 at 2 o'clock.

KING'S DAUGHTERS—The regular meeting of the Whatsoever Circle of the King's Daughters, will be held at the home of Mrs. William Zentmeyer, on West Main street, on Thursday evening, Sept. 4.

NOTICE

2395668.

If you want the best Warm Air Furnace, Spouting, Tin, Sheet and Iron Roofing, Steel Ceilings, Sheet Iron and Copper work, Repairing, Workmanship and Material call on

Bailey & Keeley

Nos. 78 and 80 West Main St.
New'Phone 138

SAMUEL M. HUNTER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Office over Horner & Edmiston's Book Store, south of Dry House. Will practice in Licking and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections, correspondence and the business of executors, administrators and guardians.

S.A. YOUNG

The Newark Optician,

8 West Main St.

JOSEPH RENZ

NOTARY PUBLIC-REAL ESTATE AGENT.
INSURANCE.
Office at Author's Office in Court House. Deeds and mortgages written. All business entrusted to me will be promptly and carefully attended to.

Dr. Edwin Nichols,

Diseases of Rectum

3E. Church St., Newark, O.

DR. A. W. BEARD,

DENTIST.

Office Hours—8 to 11:30, 12:30 to 5. Up-to-date methods in dentistry. Filling, Crown, and bridgework. Practice of all kinds. All work guaranteed. Extracts a specialty, and as near painless as possible. Gas and vitalized air used when desired. Office—First stairway north of Carroll's dry goods store, North Third street. 272 Gravatt street. Old phone 251.



TIME TABLE

BETWEEN DETROIT AND CLEVELAND

Leave DETROIT, daily. 10:30 p.m.

Arrive CLEVELAND. 5:30 a.m.

making connections with all railroads for points East.

Leave CLEVELAND, daily. 10:15 p.m.

Arrive DETROIT. 5:30 a.m.

connecting with

D. & C. Steamers for Mackinac, Soo, Marquette, Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Milwaukee, Chicago and Georgian Bay, also with all railroads for points in Michigan and the West.

Day Trips between Detroit and Cleveland during July and August.

MACKINAC DIVISION

Leave TOLEDO Mondays and Saturdays 8:30 a.m. and Tuesdays and Thursdays 4:00 p.m.

Leave DETROIT Mondays and Saturdays 5:00 p.m., and Wednesdays and Fridays 9:30 a.m.

*Coming June 22.

Send 2 cents for illustrated pamphlet.

A. A. SCHMITZ, G.P.M., Detroit, Mich.

Too Big For a Little Boy.

We had been invited to join a company who were to make the trial trip on a small steam yacht built for the use of one of our government inspectors. We were well under way when the young man who was engineer determined to play a joke on the small boy who was with us.

Just as the little fellow was about to take a drink of water from the large tin dipper, which had been provided for use rather than ornament on the boat, the man at the throttle pulled a rope which blew the whistle.

The boy dropped the dipper and ran crying to his mother.

"Why, Howard," she said, "you are surely not afraid of a whistle!"

"No," he replied, "but that is too big a whistle for such a little boy!"—Detroit Free Press.

Three Little Rules.

Three little rules we all should keep:
To make life happy and bright—
Smile in the morning, sun at noon.
And keep on smiling at night.

—Stella George Stein in St. Louis.

The overflow of the Nile begins in June every year and lasts until August. During that time the river is a turbulent stream 12 miles wide.

The University of Paris has 245 professors, 76 of whom belong to the medical faculty, while 52 teach literary branches, 49 natural sciences, etc.

BOWSER ON CROQUET

SAYS HE DOESN'T KNOW OF A MORE INTERESTING GAME.

He Begins Play With Mrs. Bowser, Who, He Thinks, Is Trying to Give Him an Unfair Deal—He Ends the Game With a Tramp.

(Copyright, 1902, by C. B. Lewis.)

AT 3 o'clock the other afternoon a delivery wagon left a box at the Bowser mansion, and Mrs. Bowser opened it to find balls, mallets and arches. She decided that a mistake had been made, but when Mr. Bowser came up to dinner he explained:

"There is no mistake. I bought the outfit and ordered it sent home."

"But you don't mean that you are going to play croquet?" she asked in surprise.

"I do. We might as well have some amusements around home. I don't know of a more interesting game than croquet. To play a good game one has got to have a mathematical

Mrs. Bowser made no reply. She saw the end in view, and she hoped that if struck with a mallet death would be instantaneous. Mr. Bowser took the first shot, and by good luck he made the two arches. He was left in bad position, though, and before he could get through the third arch Mrs. Bowser overtook him and arranged to carry his ball with hers.

"What are you going to do?" he asked.

"Carry your ball along to play on."

"But you can't do it. There are rules in this game."

"Where is the rule that says I can't carry your ball along to play on again?"

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MEYER BROS. & CO.

It's Going With a Bound!

Our Going Out of Business Sale is a wonder. We have added more salespeople and can now take care of the crowds. Read the prices.

1000 Suits worth \$10 to \$12, quick action \$5.00.	1000 Suits worth \$12 to \$15, quick action \$7.50
1000 Suits worth \$15, \$16.50 and \$18, quick action \$10.00.	1000 pairs \$1 Working Pants, quick action .50
1000 pairs of 50c Working Pants, quick action 35c, 3 pr. \$1.00.	500 dozen Working Shirts to go at .10
All Linen Collars go at 11c, \$1.25 per dozen.	All \$1.00 Shirts 75c. All \$1.50 Shirts \$1.15

All Fall Style Hats are in and will be slaughtered.

We must vacate our south store room in a little over a month and that means a royal slaughter of good merchandise.

All parties owing book accounts must settle at once.

ED. DOE

Positively no goods charged.

No goods sent on approval



A CHERRY VALLEY DINNER. Fourteen surrounded the table for dinner at Mr. J. W. Fulton's last Sunday in the Cherry Valley. Mrs. O. M. Jones and three daughters of Columbus, Miss Pearl Alward, a niece of Miss Jones and Mrs. Fulton, and Mr. Carey Alward and family of Columbus, and several others, all relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Fulton were present. The order of the day was melon and fried chicken.

PERRYTON. W. O. Shacklett and family of Columbus are visiting with friends here for a few days.

Prof. Rogers and family have returned from an extended visit with friends in Coshocton county.

Van Burk of Columbus, spent Sunday with his mother.

L. S. McCann and W. L. Phillips each lost a cow last week with supposed rabies.

Our school can now boast of two teachers for one room.

The fourth annual meeting of the Church of Christ of Licking county was held at this place this year, beginning Friday evening and lasting over Sunday, with J. M. Bersey, D. D., of Wellsburg, W. Va., as principal speaker. The meetings were largely attended. H. Newton Miller of Newark, preached Sunday morning on the subject of "Force and Counterforce." Saturday night the service was attended by a large audience.

There's no soaking required if you use Mrs. Austin's Quick Lunch Tapicoca. Ready in a minute. Your grocer can supply you.

New Chinese Minister. Sir Liang Chen Tung, who was secretary of the special Chin-chen embassy to the coronation of King Edward and who has been appointed Chinese minister to the United States to succeed Wu Ting

HEBRON. Miss Myrtle Davis will leave Saturday for Hanover, where she is employed as primary teacher in the public schools.

Charles Burch of Coshocton who has been camping with a party at Buckeye Lake, left Friday for his home.

Miss Rachel Lyon of Shepard's Sanatorium, Columbus, spent Sunday with her parents here.

Mrs. Frankie Mount and son Carroll of Columbus, and Miss Mabel Church of Granville, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. D. P. Burch on East Main street.

Mr. Frick of Pleasantville, is erecting a store room for S. H. Rosebrough on Main street.

The colored minstrels of Columbus, who played here at the Opera House Saturday night, were well patronized.

ATTENTION ELKS.

All members of Newark Lodge No. 391 are hereby ordered to report at Lodge Room Thursday at 12 15 p.m. sharp, for parade. Members will be dressed as ordered.

FRANK MAURATH Esquire.

REFORM. The Rural Free Delivery started in this section Monday morning. Mr. Jack Willey has been appointed carrier.

Mr. James Cochran is lying in a critical condition at his home west of town with paralysis.

Quite a number from here attended the yearly meeting at Perryton Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Maud Hoyt is spending a few days in Newark this week.

Mr. Eckney Baughman has moved his sawmill to the Montgomery lumber yards in Newark.

School began at Maple Grove Monday, with Mr. E. E. Martin at the desk.

Mr. Frank Teabot of Black Hand is engaged in putting on a slate roof on Mrs. Gault's house this week.

Mr. Jack Willey has purchased the Rector property in Hanover, where he expects to move this fall.

Mr. E. E. Martin and family visited friends in Perryton part of last week.

Mrs. Jane Bradfield is the guest of her brother, Mr. J. B. Anderson, this week.

Mr. John Willey, Jr., of Columbus, spent a part of last week with his parents north of town.

Mr. Howard Rine moved last Wednesday on the Chaney farm north of Perryton.

Mr. Will Anderson of Newark, moved into the house Mr. Rine vacated.

T. P. Simpson of the Barons saw mill spent Sunday with his family.

Read Advocate want ads, page 6.

SAD ACCIDENT

By Premature Discharge of a Big Gun in the Army and Navy Mimic War Maneuvers.

Sept. 3—During an engagement with the fleet off here, a 12 inch breech loading rifle in the fort went off prematurely, instantly killing one private, and seriously injuring two others. The man who was killed was literally blown to pieces, and one of his arms hit another private in the chest with such force as to inflict severe injuries.

After the midnight engagement the fleet anchored back of Fort Terry,

passing out to eastward. The guns at

Fort Wright again fired upon them the accident by which the men were in-

jured occurring at his time.

G. A. R. MEETING.

Special meeting Thursday evening, September 4th, G. A. R. at Memorial Hall for the purpose of making arrangements to attend the National Encampment at Washington, D. C.

Let every member attend.

By order of

D. J. JONES, Comdr.
F. G. STEELE, Adj.

SOUVENIRS.

New popular music, fancy queen-squares given with every 25c purchase this week. Home Tea and Coffee Co., 53 West Main street.

FATHER IS LYING.

Lew Curtis, the trombone player in the Idlewilde Park band and orchestra, received a message Tuesday night calling him to his home in Shelby, where his father is lying at the point of death.

BEYOND DOUBT.

Good Hard Facts—Told in as Few Words as Possible.

Mrs. J. Porterfield of No. 137 Pataskala street, Newark, Ohio, says: "I was nervous, lacked rest at night and felt miserable. I was told of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and got some at C. T. Bricker's City Drug Store and they acted finely as a nerve and general tonic. My strength and vigor came back. I sleep well and restfully and am more than pleased with the medicine."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are

sold at 50 cents a box at dealers, or

Dr. A. W. Chase Mediciné Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See portrait and signature

of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every

package.

Read Advocate want ads, page 6.

2457

Advocate Want Ads., page 6.

SUMMIT STATION.

Martha J. Todd, daughter of Mrs. Jessie Todd, was born here on December 18, 1901, and died on August 20, 1902. The funeral services were held at the Universalist church on Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock, Rev. John Richardson officiating. Interment was made in the Gahana cemetery.

The Richwood Gazette has the following concerning the Beem reunion held in Maple Dell grove, near that place on August 26 and 27:

"A two days' meeting and outing, the first at beautiful Maple Dell and the second at the pleasant home of B. F. Beem, south of town, was held. Space will not permit us to give full account of the glorious affair, but suffice us to say that it was a grand affair in every respect. Following are the officers elected for the ensuing year: President, L. C. Beem; vice president, John Beem; secretary, Rose G. Beem; treasurer, W. P. Beem; historian, Elmer C. Beem; family historian, C. P. Merrill. The next reunion will be held at this place. After the business meeting a corn bake and general good time was indulged in.

The following morning most of the guests departed for their homes, and the fifth annual reunion of the Beem family is but a pleasant memory, and part of the record of their recent family history."

Quite a number from this place took in the excursion to Wheeling Sunday. W. H. Tharp left Saturday for Columbus, where he is attending the State Fair with his fine lot of Berkshires. William expects to attend the Wheeling, W. Va., fair before returning home. Look out for some red ribbons.

During the thunder and rain storm of Friday morning, August 22, lightning struck the house of Mr. Shafer, tearing off a portion of the siding and passed through the plastering into a room where Mrs. Shafer was lying on a cot. When Mr. Shafer returned home shortly afterwards he found his wife lying on the cot with a hole burned in her underclothing, and a blister the size of a silver dollar on her breast, while the daughter had a blister on her face. Otherwise the woman escaped injury, but have been suffering from the severe shock for some days.

Mrs. J. D. Coffman is suffering with hay fever.

What Disease Produces Most Misery.

If the amount of misery caused by different diseases could be estimated it would be found the portion caused by headache would outweigh any other, and perhaps equal all combined. Immediate relief is afforded by Clinic Headache Wafers, perfectly safe, easily taken and do not depress. 10 cents at Hall's drug store.

25¢ in Doctors' visits will do you less good than one bottle of Walther's Peptonized Port. J. Billings.

Walther's Peptonized Port gives good digestion, active liver, good circulation and buoyant spirits. Try it.

No Costiveness Diarrhoea or any Bowel complaint where Walther's Peptonized Port is used. Try it.

Balmy sleep, good digestion, rich blood, elastic step and cheerfulness in Walther's Peptonized Port.

HAIR HEALTH

is a healthy hair food, restoring

natural color and natural beauty

to gray and faded hair. Removes

the dirt and dandruff from the hair

and makes it strong, straight and

not brittle. It is not a dye and

does not stain clothes. It is not

expensive and can be used

without fear of damage to the hair.

LARGE SIZE BOTTLES AND DRUGSTORES

MANIFINA SOAP

is a healthy hair food, restoring

natural color and natural beauty

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